

NEIGHBORHOOD PLANNING INITIATIVE

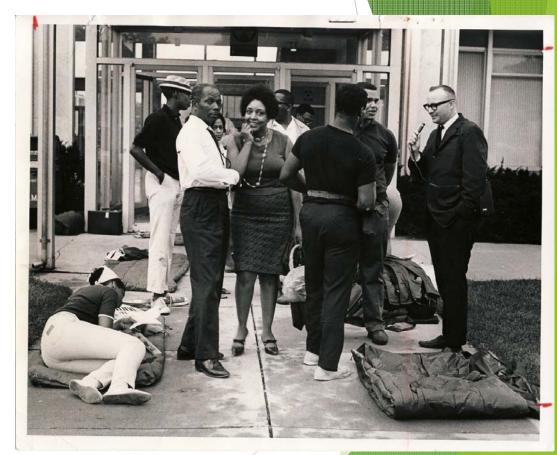






Historical Context

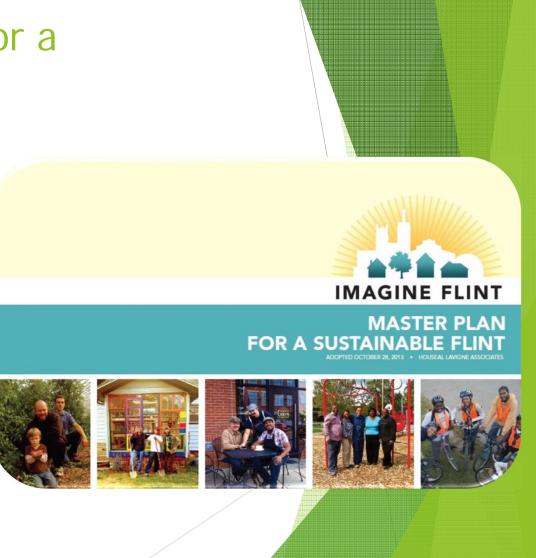
- The City of Flint and its citizens have a tumultuous relationship with urban planning.
- The 1960 Flint Master Plan called for slum clearance, redevelopment of underinvested areas, and the creation of I-475.
- The result of this plan and subsequent policies created massive amounts of urban sprawl, social imbalance, and racial segregation.
- The South Flint neighborhood, and particularly the Atherton East Housing Development, are direct products of this era.



Sleep-in at Flint City Hall to protest unfair housing conditions (1967)

Imagine Flint Master Plan for a Sustainable Flint

- ▶ 2013: Imagine Flint Master Plan is adopted after two years of group sessions, neighborhood and block club meetings, and public hearings with over 5,000 community participants
- Designed to address the new and unique challenges of a legacy city in transition, as well as rectify past injustices
- Guiding principles: social equity & sustainability, reshaping the economy, quality of life, adapting to change, youth, and civic life
- Neighborhood planning and development of quality affordable housing are called out as key implementation strategies



Atherton East Profile

▶ 1967- Atherton East public housing development is built on the urban fringe, within a flood plain

Budget cuts, poor design, lack of amenities, and isolation have led to Atherton East being a community in need of relocation

Imagine Flint Master Plan goal to relocate Atherton East to an area better connected to transit, services, employment, and

schools

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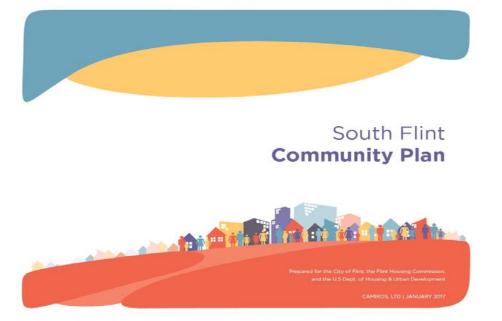
| | Atherton | South Saginaw | Flint | Genesee County |
|-------------------------------|----------|------------------|----------|-------------------|
| Median Household Income | \$8,202 | Not Available | \$27,199 | \$43,418 |
| Poverty Rate | 81.61% | 35.96% | 36.64% | 18.77% |
| Unemploy ment | 35.7% | 19.15% | 21.66% | 15.32% |
| Housing cost > 30% of income | 56% | 44% | 44.63% | 36.49% |
| White | 14% | 52.62% | 37% | 72.96% |
| Black | 78% | 39.57% | 54% | 20.10% |
| Children 0-17 years old | 47% | 30% | 28.43% | 25% |

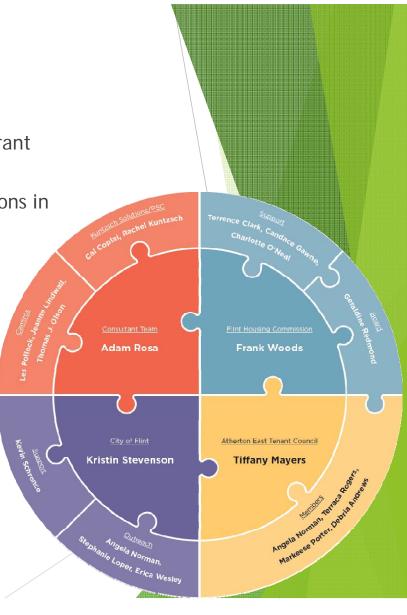


► The City of Flint and Flint Housing Commission were the first community in Michigan to be awarded a Choice Neighborhoods Grant by the US Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)

Purpose: revitalize distressed public housing and improve conditions in the neighborhood

Three extensive goal areas: People, Housing, and Neighborhood





The Community as Planner

- "A plan is only as good as the community's commitment to its implementation"
- Given the history of prior planning in Flint, it was critical that relationships were built based on trust, transparency, and equality.
- A concerted effort was made to ensure that the community not only had a seat at the table, but were equipped with the tools and information to actively engage.



Listening and Learning

- ► The first phase of the planning process included resident meetings, interviews and the creation of a project Steering Committee.
- Community meetings were used to learn resident perspectives on the best and worst parts of the neighborhood, assessing resident needs and preferences

- What are the Best Parts of the Neighborhood?





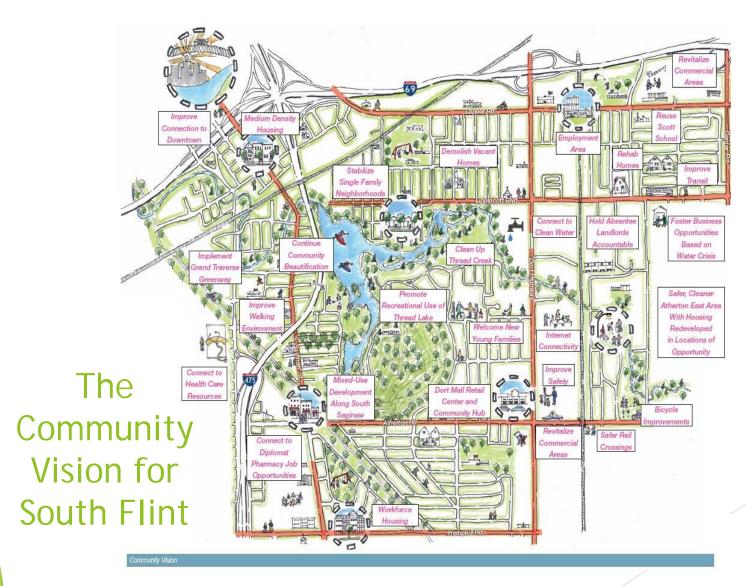




Visioning

- The second phase invited Atherton East and neighborhood residents to discuss, develop, and define a broad outlook for the future of the community in groups of all sizes and ages
- Community members wrote out words that described a prosperous future of south Flint and the word bubble on the right is what was created





Neighborhood Early Action Projects





Conservation Plan

Resident-led environmentally sound plan of action created for Atherton Park







